

$$x^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 4 \quad [1, 4]$$

$\Delta x = 1$
↓

3 left endpoints
 $x_0 = 1$ $x_1 = 2$ $x_2 = 3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Estimated Area} &= \frac{4-1}{3} (f(x_0) + f(x_1) + f(x_2)) \\ &= (1) (f(1) + f(2) + f(3)) \\ &= (1) (2 + (2^2 - 3(2) + 4) \\ &\quad + (3^2 - 3(3) + 4)) \\ &= (1) (2 + 2 + 4) = \boxed{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} \quad [0, 8] \quad 4 \text{ right endpoints}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{8-0}{4} = 2 \quad \begin{matrix} x_0 = 0 \\ x_1 = x_0 + \Delta x \\ = 0 + 2 = 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area Estimate} &= \Delta x (f(x_1) + f(x_2) + \dots + f(x_n)) \\ &= 2 (f(2) + f(4) + f(6) + f(8)) \\ &= 2 (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{8}) \\ &= \boxed{17.4} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \ln(x) + x \quad [1, 3] \quad \Delta x = 0.5 \quad 4 \text{ rect}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Est. Area} &= \Delta x (f(\frac{x_0+x_1}{2}) + f(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}) \\ &\quad + \dots + f(\frac{x_3+x_4}{2})) \\ &= 0.5 (f(1.25) + f(1.75) + f(2.25) \\ &\quad + f(2.75)) \end{aligned}$$